CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page Number
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
OTHER INFORMATION	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis	13
Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis	14
Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds	17
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Enterprise Funds	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Enterprise Funds	20
Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis - Enterprise Funds	21
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Police Pension Trust Fund	23
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Police Pension Trust Fund	24
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	25
OTHER INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Budget and Actual – General and Motor Fuel Tax Fund (Unaudited)	45
Schedule of Changes in the Fund's Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios – IMRF Regular (Unaudited)	46
Schedule of Fund Contributions – IMRF Regular (Unaudited)	48

Schedule of Changes in the Fund's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – IMRF SLEP (Unaudited)	50
Schedule of Fund Contributions – IMRF SLEP (Unaudited)	52
Schedule of Changes in the Fund's Net Pension (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios – Police Pension Fund (Unaudited)	54
Schedule of Fund Contributions – Police Pension Fund (Unaudited)	57
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures - Modified Cash Basis - Budget and Actual	59
Information Required by General Obligation Bond Ordinance – Enterprise Funds (Unaudited)	60
Schedule of Insurance Policies in Force (Unaudited)	61



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Eureka, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Eureka**, **Illinois** (City), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Eureka, Illinois, as of April 30, 2019, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for

the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Eureka, Illinois', basic financial statements. The other information, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of General Fund Expenditures – Modified Cash Basis – Budget and Actual on page 59 is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of General Fund Expenditures – Modified Cash Basis – Budget and Actual is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The remaining other information listed in the accompanying table of contents has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

August 14, 2019

August 14, 2019

CITY OF EUREKA 128 N. Main, Eureka, Illinois 61530 Telephone (309) 467-2113 Fax (309) 467-4364

COUNCIL:

Scott Zimmer, Mayor Marilyn Walter, City Clerk Lynn Hinnen, City Treasurer Melissa Brown, Administrator Alex Collinge, Chief of Police Rick Joseph, City Attorney Laurie Klaus, Ward I
Milt Hinnen, Ward I
Chuck Germann, Ward II
Richard Teegarden, Ward II
Eric Lind/Mike Martin, Ward III
Bob Prather, Ward III
Tim Getz, Ward IV
Tim Peterson, Ward IV

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The discussion and analysis of the City of Eureka's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The City's total revenues exceeded total expenses for General Fund activity by \$209,010. The Enterprise Fund Departments revenues exceeded expenses by \$317,149 for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2019. The end result is a slight increase in total cash and investments of 4 percent in the General Fund for a total of \$163,381 over the previous year and a 21 percent increase in Enterprise cash from the previous year for a total of \$113,033. It is important to note, that Enterprise has been experiencing a period of significant capital improvements which has required utilizing cash reserves.

Historically, the City has continued its efforts to control and reduce annual operating expenses along with the Mayor and Council requiring management to operate under a balanced budget. It would appear that the City is now entering a period of time in which expenditures for capital improvements both in Enterprise and General Fund are becoming a necessity. Aging infrastructure and municipal buildings require assessment for maintenance and replacement. The City had prepared for this period for nearly thirteen years by building cash reserves to pay for needed improvements.

The overall financial position of the City has remained solid with the evaluation by management of current resources and needs.

- > The General Fund received \$42,677 from the Community Unit #140 School District for a cost share on the continuation of the School Resource Police Officer. The Agreement was extended for one year and will be continued until the end of the 2019 school year. Following this one year extension, there will be a reevaluation to determine the continuation of the School Resource Officer position.
- > The City increased the property tax levy in Fiscal Year 2018-2019 to be collected in Fiscal Year 2019-2020. The property tax levy was increased by \$23,526 to \$516,255. With the current City assessed valuation increased by \$1,526,152 to \$74,792,713, the property tax rate will be .6906 for Fiscal Year 2019-2020. The property tax rate for Fiscal Year 2018-2019 was .6731, thus the rate increased by .0175.
- → The City has two outstanding loans with local businesses in the amount of \$115,393 to generate and retain business in the community. In addition, the Council has assigned a reserve of \$45,412 to use in the future for economic development as opportunities arise. Future loans will be considered by Council and issued through Ordinance specific to the individual request.
- > The City personnel expenses for salaries in Fiscal Year 2018-2019 increased over the Fiscal Year 2017-2018 salaries by \$12,832. This increase is due to the 1.0 percent salary increase for hourly employees and management bonuses delivered to department heads based on a new performance management plan. Due to conservative increases, careful hiring practices and human resource management, the City has continued to keep personnel expenses at a minimum.
- > The City in 2005 instituted a cost share with the employees for health insurance coverage. The employee contribution is 30 percent of the premium for an employee's spouse or family coverage, and the City contributes 70 percent of the health insurance premium. The health care cost for Fiscal Year 2018-2019 was \$27,757 more than spent in Fiscal Year 2017-2018. The City has worked with insurance agents to find the most competitive rates. The City was given yet another year extension before having to convert the Affordable Care Act (ACA). In spite of a reduction of overall coverage with higher out-of-pocket costs for employees, premiums continue to increase slightly.

ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. GASB Statement 34 implements a model of financial reporting for state and local governments designed to enhance the usefulness of the City's annual report.

Report Components

This annual report consists of five parts as follows:

Government-wide Financial Statements: The Statement of Net Position (page 13) and the Statement of Activities (page 14) provide information about City activities on a government-wide basis and present a long-term view of the City's finances.

Fund Financial Statements: The Financial statement focus is on the individual parts of the City government. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. For proprietary activities, these statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities of the City-operated businesses: the water, sewer, and stormwater utilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Other Information: This Management Discussion and Analysis, general fund budgetary comparison schedule, and pension-related schedules represent financial information required to be presented by the GASB. Such information provides users of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and notes referred to as the basic financial statements.

The budget-to-actual comparison of General Fund expenditures, Information Required by General Obligation Bond Ordinance, and Schedule of Insurance Policies in Force are also provided to address certain specific needs of various users of the City's annual report.

Basis of Accounting

The City has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. Basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and their related assets and liabilities. Under the City's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, and related assets and liabilities are recorded when they are received and spent for all cash transactions, with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements.

As a result of the use of modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues, such as accounts receivable, revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected, and certain liabilities and their related expenses, such as accounts payable, expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

The Government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our financial analysis of the City as a whole begins with the government-wide financial statements within the audited financial statements. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all of the City's assets and liabilities resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. Keeping in mind the modified cash basis of accounting, one can think of the City's net position or the difference between assets and liabilities (and deferred inflows and outflows) as one way to measure the City's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. One will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's sales tax base and the condition of the City's utility system to assess the overall health of the City.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City is divided into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, general administration, emergency services, streets, economic development, motor fuel tax, audit, liability insurance, retirement fund and parks. Revenue sources include sales taxes, income tax, occupational tax, property taxes, franchise fees, fines and state and federal grants.

Business-type activities - The City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's Enterprise Fund water and sewer system and Enterprise Fund stormwater are reported here. To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. One will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right.

The result is a Net Expense/Revenue. The reason for this kind of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the City's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

The Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis is of the City's major funds financial statements with detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes certain other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

The City's two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds - Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the report of the acquisition of capital assets and payments for debt principal as expenditures and not as changes to asset and debt balances. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine through a review of changes to fund balance whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship or differences between governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and governmental funds in reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements. The City considers the General Fund and the Motor Fuel Tax Fund to be major governmental funds.

Proprietary funds - When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. For example, proprietary fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated and principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as a reduction to the liability. In fact, the City's proprietary (enterprise) funds financial statements are essentially the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but the fund statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The City has two Proprietary Funds: Enterprise Waterworks and Sewerage Fund and Enterprise Stormwater Fund.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are often used to account for assets that are held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity such as pension plan assets, assets held per trust agreements and similar arrangements. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City currently has one fiduciary fund: Police Pension Trust Fund. Total net position of the fiduciary funds was \$756,867 as of April 30, 2019.

Financial Analysis

Total assets of the City increased by \$617,830 to \$17,824,373. This net increase is comprised of a increase in cash and investments of \$308,833, a notes receivable increase of \$45,629, and an increase in capital assets of \$263,368. See below and the Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis for more detail.

Total liabilities of the City decreased by \$97,103 to \$222,762; this decrease is due to the continued payment of debt service (2013 Refinanced Water Bond) during the fiscal year.

Total net position and the changes in net assets are a good way to measure the City's financial health. The City had an excess of revenue over expenses by \$714,933 increasing net position to \$17,601,611. This net position and increase in net position illustrates the financial strength of the City. The following condensed financial information was derived from the government-wide Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis and reflects the City's financial position at year-end.

	Fiscal Year 2017-2018	Fiscal Year 2018-2019	Percent change
Assets Non-capital assets Capital assets Total Assets	\$ 4,770,676	\$ 5,125,138	7%
	12,435,867	12,699,235	2%
	\$ 17,206,543	\$ 17,824,373	4%
Liabilities Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 120,992	\$ 125,762	4%
	198,873	97,000	(51%)
	319,865	222,762	(30%)
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	12,139,121	12,500,362	3%
	614,248	544,803	(11%)
	4,133,309	4,556,446	10%
Total Net Position	\$ 17,206,543	17,601,611 \$ 17,824,373	4%

The following analysis of the City's activities during the year provides additional information on this increase in net position.

The analysis of the City's activities is first focused on the City as whole, and then the governmental activities and the business type activities are separately analyzed. This analysis gives detailed insight into the changes the City has made during the current fiscal year in relationship to the prior fiscal year.

The revenues received in Fiscal Year 2018-2019 increased 3 percent over revenues received in Fiscal Year 2017-2018. The biggest variation over last fiscal year can be found in the Governmental Activities due to increase in taxes levied. Expenses increased by 1 percent mainly due to increased expenses in the Business-Type Activities. Overall revenues were in excess of expenses by \$714,933.

Government Wide

	Fiscal Yea 2017-2018		Percent change
Total Government Wide	_01/ _01/		Ü
Revenue	\$ 4,007,813	\$ 4,126,181	3%
Expenses	3,391,074		1%
Excess revenue over expenses	\$ 616,739	\$ 714,933	16%
Governmental Activities	Fiscal Yea	r Fiscal Year	Percent
	2017-201		change
Revenues	201, 201		8
Taxes	\$ 2,065,197	\$ 2,098,243	2%
Charges for services	241,473	180,468	(25%)
Grants & contributions	6,350	25,864	307%
Interest & other	43,565	62,344	43%
	2,356,585	2,366,919	0%
Expenses			
General government	388,362	388,160	0%
Public safety	742,420	687,500	(7%)
Streets	686,389	716,211	4%
Park	133,130	141,870	7%
Emergency services	5,303	5,336	1%
Economic development	16,496	30,058	82%
	1,972,100	1,969,135	0%
Excess revenues over expenses	\$ 384,485	5 \$ 397,784	3%

D	A ATTITUDE
Business-type	Activities
Dubineon type	1 1001 1 10100

	Fiscal Year 2017-2018	Fiscal Year 2018-2019	Percent change
Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 1,592,192	\$ 1,755,952	
Grants	50,916	-	
Interest	8,120	3,310	i
	1,651,228	1,759,262	7%
Expenses			
Personnel services	339,630	398,644	
Contractual services	357,574	292,969	
Commodities	213,376	217,800	
Depreciation	498,587	524,793	
Interest	9,807	7,907	
	1,418,974	1,442,113	2%
Change in net assets	\$ 232,254	\$ 317,149	37%

City Revenues increased in Business-Type Activities due to the increase in utility fees which began on May 1, 2018. Expenses increased due to a mix of increased costs for maintenance, commodities and personnel services. Interest decreased due to the final year of payments for water bond. The City's focus is on minimizing operating cost while meeting the long-term maintenance needs of the system. Long-term maintenance goals for water and sewer plants will continue to be top priorities for the next several years. The City Council has approved a five-year plan for water and sewer rate increases with a 10 percent increase planned for Fiscal Year 2018, 2019 and 2020, and a 5 percent increase planned for Fiscal Year 2021 and 2022. These increases are necessary as the City executes its five-year capital plan. The City's Enterprise Committee will review rates in this current fiscal year to reassess the rate increases for 2021 and 2022 to ensure that it will provide sufficient revenue for continued operations and rebuilding of surplus.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Some of the largest expenses in General Fund for Fiscal Year 2018-2019 were street maintenance, resurfacing of parking lanes, municipal website redesign, dam apron repairs, replacement truck for maintenance, property procurement, and an economic development loan. Enterprise's capital projects for sewer lining and water looping along with capital improvements for water including the replacement of water mains along Crow & Bowald streets, extension of water and sewer mains along North Main Street to the north edge of town, and a replacement truck for the water department. Enterprise commodities have risen as the cost of lime and transportation of the commodity continues to rise incrementally each year. Clearitas, a chemical that combats biofilm as a part of the water department's overall quality improvement plan, is a significant cost addition. The General Fund was 24 percent under projected expenses for the year, and the Enterprise Fund was 30 percent below budget expenses.

The final total budget for General and the Enterprise Fund was lower than the prior year budget by \$691,207. For the year ended April 30, 2019, General Fund expenditures were \$641,289 below budgeted expenses, while actual resources available for budgeted purposes was \$230,182 below the fiscal budgeted amounts, resulting in a net budget surplus of \$411,107.

Capital Assets

At the end of April 30, 2019, the City had \$12,699,235 invested in capital assets, net depreciation, including police and equipment, buildings, park facilities, water lines and sewer lines. This year's more significant capital asset additions included:

Crow Bowald Water Line Project	\$ 375,412
North Main Sewer Project	399,493
Chip Seal MFT Program	130,192
209 W. Mill St. Land	99,247
Sewer Lining Project	82,977
STU Parking Lanes	73,922
Sewer Plant Valve Project	65,405
107 S Calendar Property	65,000
North Main St. Water Main	59,887
209 W. Mill St. Building	50,000
Lake Road CMP Culvert	26,139
Dam Apron Project	20,000

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the Business-Type Activities had \$198,873 in long-term debt, as compared to \$296,746 at the prior year end. The long-term debt is comprised of a long-term bond issue. The long-term debt balance as of April 30, 2019, represents the 2005 Water Bond issue, refinanced in Fiscal Year 2014, which has maturity dates through 2020. The refinancing has shortened the terms of repayment by five years. The City has also reduced its interest payments by paying down the principal by \$300,000. No additional debt was incurred in FY 2019 by the Governmental Activities. At the close of FY 2019, the City has a remaining balance of \$207,128 in principal and interest.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Significant economic factors affecting the year ending April 30, 2019:

- o The utility rate was increased by 10 percent on May 1, 2018. The increase is to support the operating expenses, bond debt, and provide surplus for future capital expenditures.
- A Stormwater Utility was initiated on May 1, 2015, to pay for the upgrades, additions and maintenance needed for the City's stormwater mains. The rate has a base unit of \$6.00, and units are determined by amount of impervious surface.
- State income tax decreased by \$27,406, gaming tax is now being realized through the addition of business within the City, and Local Share of IL Use Tax increased by \$406.

Significant economic factors expected to affect the upcoming fiscal year ending April 30, 2020:

- O Some of the significant capital asset items being budgeted in governmental funds for next year are replacement of police and maintenance vehicles at \$35,000 and \$55,000, respectively, construction of new combined services building for police and administration for \$1.25M, replacement of leaf machine for \$58,500, replacement of skid steer for \$35,000, walking trail extension at park for \$40,000 and a new city welcome sign for \$15,000.
- The City will continue its contract with the school district to maintain a school resource officer in the schools and will share 50 percent of the total cost. The contract is a carry-over from the previous year as the City is unable to negotiate a new agreement while simultaneously involved in collective bargaining with the Eureka Police Department.
- As of December 31, 2018, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the City's defined benefit pension plan affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) was 96-percent funded. The police officers in this plan were transferred to a separate Police Pension Fund during Fiscal Year 2013. The City has made every effort to meet the funding obligations for the Police Pension Fund ending this current fiscal year with a 99.96-percent funded pension for police. The City will continue to use the latest actuarial valuations to meet its funding obligations. The tax levy is the source of funding for this obligation.

Contacting the City's financial management

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Eureka Administrative office at 128 North Main, Eureka, IL 61530, telephone number 309-467-2113.

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – MODIFIED CASH BASIS APRIL 30, 2019

ASSETS		/ERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	SINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Restricted cash Notes receivable Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net of	\$	2,749,294 1,572,357 - 115,393 1,577,904	\$ 455,333 207,305 25,456 115,456	\$ 3,204,627 1,572,357 207,305 140,849 1,693,360
accumulated depreciation	,	3,645,699	7,360,176	11,005,875
		9,660,647	\$ 8,163,726	\$ 17,824,373
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
CURRENT LIABILITIES Utility customer deposits Current maturities of long-term debt Other	\$		\$ 22,070 101,873 1,819	\$ 22,070 101,873 1,819
Total current liabilities		¥	125,762	125,762
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long-term debt, net of current maturities		241	97,000	97,000
Total liabilities			222,762	222,762
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		5,223,603	7,276,759	12,500,362
Debt service Other purposes Unrestricted		337,498 4,099,546	182,504 24,801 456,900	182,504 362,299 4,556,446
Total net position		9,660,647	7,940,964	17,601,611
F	\$	9,660,647	\$ 8,163,726	\$ 17,824,373

See accompanying notes.

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

PROGRAM REVENUES

FUNCTION/PROGRAMS	ΕX	PENSES	HARGES FOR SERVICES		OPERATING GRANTS ANI ONTRIBUTION		GRA	APITAL NTS AND RIBUTIONS
PONCTION/I ROGIC IND	1.723	LITOLO	521(11025	_				
Governmental activities								
General government	\$	388,160	\$ 90,486	\$	\$ ·-		\$	(#C)
Public safety		687,500	88,922		2			: <u>-</u>
Streets		716,211			::::			24,600
Park		141,870	1,060		1,26	4		
Emergency services		5,336	**		100) -
Economic development		30,058			7.00 (2) P			
Total governmental activities		1,969,135	180,468		1,26	54		24,600
Business-type activities								
Stormwater		18,719	229,783		*			2 5
Waterworks and sewerage		1,423,394	1,526,169		*			(#I
Total business-type activities		1,442,113	1,755,952					1¥
TOTAL	\$ 3	3,411,248	\$ 1,936,420		\$ 1,26	54	\$	24,600

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
	\$ (297,674) (598,578) (691,611) (139,546) (5,336) (30,058)	\$	\$ (297,674) (598,578) (691,611) (139,546) (5,336) (30,058)
3	(1,762,803)		(1,762,803)
	ā s	211,064 102,775	211,064 102,775
		313,839	313,839
	(1,762,803)	313,839	(1,448,964)
General Revenues			
Taxes Property	492,679	8€	492,679
Other local	60,362	-	60,362
Replacement	26,753	:#:	26,753
Sales	703,128	:: 	703,128
State income	676,204	(E)	676,204
Motor fuel	139,117		139,117
Interest	58,676	3,310	61,986
Other	3,668		3,668
Total general revenues	2,160,587	3,310	2,163,897
Change in net position	397,784	317,149	714,933
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	9,262,863	7,623,815	16,886,678
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 9,660,647	\$ 7,940,964	\$ 17,601,611

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEET – MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS APRIL 30, 2019

ASSETS	(GENERAL		MOTOR FUEL TAX		TOTAL
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Notes receivable	\$	2,432,502 1,572,357 115,393	\$	316,792	\$	2,749,294 1,572,357 115,393
	\$	4,120,252	\$	316,792	\$	4,437,044
FUND BALANCES Fund balances Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$	20,706 705,985 3,393,561	\$	316,792	\$	337,498 705,985 3,393,561
Total fund balances	\$	4,120,252	\$	316,792	:	4,437,044
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.						5,223,603
Net position of governmental activities					_\$	9,660,647

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES MODIFIED CASH BASIS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

	MOTOR GENERAL FUEL TAX				TOTAL			
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	492,679	\$	=	\$	492,679		
Other local taxes		60,362		-		60,362		
Replacement taxes		26,753		×		26,753		
Sales taxes		703,128		=		703,128		
State income taxes		676,204				676,204		
Motor fuel taxes		46		139,117		139,117		
Federal and state grants		24,600		-		24,600		
Interest		57,921		755		58,676		
Licenses, fees, and fines		180,468		=		180,468		
Contributions		1,264		-		1,264		
Other		3,668		-		3,668		
		2,227,047		139,872		2,366,919		
Expenditures								
Current						222 5 40		
General government		333,548		-		333,548		
Public safety		596,511		-		596,511		
Streets		438,804		됩		438,804		
Park		98,167		-6		98,167		
Emergency services		3,880		= 8		3,880		
Economic development		28,953		(4)		28,953		
Employee retirement		112,161		= 1		112,161		
Capital outlay		406,013		107,453		513,466		
		2,018,037		107,453		2,125,490		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		209,010		32,419		241,429		
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,911,242		284,373		4,195,615		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	4,120,252	\$	316,792	\$	4,437,044		

See accompanying notes.

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES MODIFIED CASH BASIS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES:

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	241,429
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the Statement of Activities. Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense	1	513,466 (357,111)
		156,355
Change in net position of governmental activities	_\$_	397,784

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – MODIFIED CASH BASIS ENTERPRISE FUNDS APRIL 30, 2019

			WA	TERWORKS	
	STO	RMWATER	AND	SEWERAGE	
		FUND		FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	440,309	\$	15,024	\$ 455,333
NONCURRENT ASSETS Restricted cash				207,305 25,456	207,305 25,456
Notes receivable Capital assets not being depreciated		170 246		115,456	115,456
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		450,288		6,909,888	7,360,176
Total noncurrent assets		450,288		7,258,105	7,708,393
	\$	890,597	\$	7,273,129	\$ 8,163,726
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION					
CURRENT LIABILITIES Utility customer deposits Current maturities of long-term debt Other	\$	# #	\$	22,070 101,873 1,819	\$ 22,070 101,873 1,819
Total current liabilities		» ∈ .		125,762	125,762
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long-term debt, net of current maturities		:(97,000	97,000
Total liabilities		1		222,762	222,762
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		450,288		6,826,471	7,276,759
Debt service Other purposes				182,504 24,801	182,504 24,801
Unrestricted		440,309		16,591	456,900
Total net position		890,597		7,050,367	7,940,964
	\$	890,597	\$	7,273,129	\$ 8,163,726

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS – ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

		RMWATER FUND		TERWORKS SEWERAGE FUND		TOTAL
Operating revenues	\$	229,783	\$	1,474,712	\$	1,704,495
Charges for services and sales Penalties and miscellaneous	Φ	229,783	Ψ	51,457	Ψ ———	51,457
		229,783		1,526,169		1,755,952
Operating expenses						
Personnel services				398,644		398,644
Contractual services		2,840		290,129		292,969
Commodities		12		217,800		217,800
Depreciation		15,879		508,914		524,793
		18,719		1,415,487		1,434,206
Operating income		211,064		110,682		321,746
Nonoperating (revenues) expenses Interest income		=		(3,310)		(3,310)
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt				7,907		7,907
-				4,597		4,597
Change in net position		211,064		106,085		317,149
Total net position, beginning of year	9====	679,533		6,944,282		7,623,815
Total net position, end of year	\$	890,597	\$	7,050,367	\$	7,940,964

See accompanying notes.

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

WATERWORKS STORMWATER AND SEWERAGE **TOTAL FUND FUND** CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 229,783 \$ 1,526,169 \$ 1,755,952 Receipts from customers (510,769)(507,929)Payments to suppliers of goods and services (2,840)(398,644)Payments to employees for services (398,644)Receipt of utility customer deposits 6,570 6,570 and other current liabilities (5,800)(5,800)Refunds of utility customer deposits Net cash provided 226,943 620,366 847,309 by operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES (99,000)(99,000)Principal payments on long-term debt (6,780)(6,780)Interest paid on long-term debt (605,667)(631,806)(26,139)Acquisition of capital assets Net cash used in capital and (737,586)related financing activities (26, 139)(711,447)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 3,310 3,310 Interest received on note receivable Net cash provided 3,310 3,310 by investing activities INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND 113,033 CASH EQUIVALENTS 200,804 (87,771)CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR (including \$303,174 of revenue bond 310,100 549,605 reserves reported in restricted cash) 239,505 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

See accompanying notes.

AT END OF YEAR

(including \$207,305 of revenue bond

reserves reported in restricted cash)

440,309

662,638

222,329

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

	WATERWORKS STORMWATER AND SEWERAGE FUND FUND			E TOTAL		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating	\$	211,064	\$	110,682	\$	321,746
activities Depreciation Decrease in utility customer deposits and other current liabilities		15,879		508,914 770		524,793 770
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	226,943	\$	620,366	\$	847,309

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS – POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND APRIL 30, 2019

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 128,940 627,927
	\$ 756,867
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ (¥)
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$ 756,867

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS – POLICE PENSION TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

Additions

Investment income	\$	10,317
Interest income	Ψ	10,017
Less investment expense		
Net investment income		10,317
Members' contributions		29,552
Employer contributions	-	87,201
Total additions		127,070
Deductions		
Refund of contributions		2,935
Administrative expenses		4,398
Professional expenses		13,225
Total deductions	,	20,558
Net increase		106,512
Net position held in trust for pension benefits Beginning of year		650,355
End of year	_\$_	756,867

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except for the use of a modified cash basis of accounting as described later, accounting policies of the City of Eureka, Illinois (City), conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies. Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Generally accepted accounting principles require the financial reporting entity to include the primary government and other organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable (component units). Financial accountability includes the primary government's ability to appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability to impose will on an organization if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

The City is not a component unit of any other entity. However, based on these criteria, management has determined the Police Pension Fund is a blended component unit of the City. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is in substance part of the City's operations; therefore, data from this unit is combined with data of the primary government. The Police Pension Fund was established to provide retirement, death, and disability payments to the police of the City or their beneficiaries and is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. Contribution levels are mandated by Illinois Statutes and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The fiscal year-end for the Police Pension Fund is April 30, and it is reflected as a fiduciary fund in the financial statements.

Complete financial statements for this component unit may be obtained at the following address:

City of Eureka Police Pension Fund Lynn Hinnen, Treasurer 128 N. Main Street Eureka, IL 61530

B. Basis of Presentation

Management Discussion & Analysis - Provides introductory information on basic financial statements and an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a

separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund balance/net position, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or if it meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Other Information - Budgetary comparison schedules are presented. The original and final budget for revenues and expenditures is presented in comparison with the actual final budgetary revenues and expenditures.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources and expenditures not required by law or contractual agreement to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The City maintains the following special revenue fund:

Motor Fuel Tax Fund - Accounts for the operations of the City's Street Department in connection with highway construction and maintenance projects authorized by the Illinois Department of Transportation. Financing is provided by the City's share of the State Motor Fuel Tax.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or increase in net position is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City maintains the following enterprise funds:

Waterworks and Sewerage Fund - Accounts for the water and wastewater operations. Revenue is provided through user charges that are designed to pay operating expenses (including depreciation of the Fund's capital assets) and provide for an increase in net position to finance the continued operations of the system.

Stormwater Fund - Accounts for the stormwater operations. Revenue is provided through user charges that are designed to pay operating expenses (including depreciation of the Fund's capital assets) and provide for an increase in net position to finance the continued operations of the system.

Fiduciary Fund

Police Pension Trust Fund - Accounts for the activities of the City of Eureka Police Pension Fund, which accumulates resources for retirement, death, and disability benefits to the police of the City or their beneficiaries.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

"Measurement focus" is a term used to describe *how* transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. "Basis of accounting" refers to *when* transactions are recorded, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as subsequently defined.

In the fund financial statements, the current financial resources measurement focus or the economic resources measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- (1) Governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- (2) Proprietary funds utilize an economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-type activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with provisions for depreciation and amortization in the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fiduciary fund financial statements are accounted for using the modified cash basis.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budget for all governmental fund types is prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is the same basis that is used in financial reporting. This allows for comparability between budget and actual amounts. The original and final budget was passed through an appropriations ordinance on April 2, 2018. For each fund, total fund expenditures may not legally exceed the budgeted expenditures. The budget lapses at the end of each fiscal year. Encumbrances accounting is not employed.

The City adopts its annual budget in accordance with Chapter 65, Paragraph 5/8-2-9.4 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes, as follows:

- (1) The budget officer submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- (2) A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- (3) Prior to May 1, the budget is legally adopted through passage of an ordinance.
- (4) Budgeted amounts may be transferred between object classes within a fund at any time. The annual budget may be revised by a vote of two-thirds of the City Council by deleting, adding to, or changing budgeted items.
- (5) No revision of the budget can be made increasing the budget in the event funds are not available.

The City also adopts an informal operating budget for proprietary funds containing estimated revenues and expenses, which is used as a management control device.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of financial reporting, cash and cash equivalents include all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

F. Investments

Investments classified in the financial statements consist of certificates of deposit whose original maturity exceeds three months. Investments are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. The City is allowed to invest in securities as authorized by Chapter 30, Paragraph 235/2 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. Generally, allowable investments consist of interest-bearing deposits in financial institutions, the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, notes and bonds guaranteed by the United States of America, and, subject to certain restrictions, short-term corporate obligations and repurchase agreements with financial institutions.

G. Sewer Reimbursement Agreements

The City has entered into a municipal agreement with certain residents for reimbursement of costs for a sewer main replacement. Payment is due upon annexation to the City's sewer. As a result of using the modified cash basis of accounting, receivables related to these agreements are not recorded in the government-wide or fund financial statements, but payments are recorded when received. Outstanding payments to be received totaled approximately \$105,000 at April 30, 2019.

H. Real Estate Taxes

Real estate taxes are a lien on individual properties from January 1 in the year in which the taxes are levied. The levy must be filed with the County Clerk by the last Tuesday in December each year. The tax levy for amounts received in the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, was passed December 22, 2017. Due dates, by statute, are June 1 and September 1 of the following year. Generally, collections of tax monies are made within 30 to 60 days of the due dates.

The following are the tax rate limits permitted by state law and local referendum and the actual rates levied for 2017 per \$100 of assessed valuation:

City valuation	\$ 73,266,561	:		
Type of Tax	Limit	Rate	E	xtension
Corporate	.3330	.0988	\$	72,387
Police protection	.1500	.0697		51,068
Park	.1000	.0465		34,069
Civil defense	.0500	.0014		1,026
Police pension	As Needed	1191		87,260
IMRF/Social Security	As Needed	.1925		141,038
Audit	As Needed	.0219		16,045
Liability insurance	As Needed	.1232		90,264
-				
		.6731	\$	493,157

The City is limited under state law to aggregate indebtedness of 2.875 percent of assessed valuation. This limitation does not apply to indebtedness used to finance water and wastewater treatment facilities. The available legal debt margin approximates \$2.1 million at April 30, 2019.

I. Compensated Absences

As a result of using the modified cash basis of accounting, liabilities related to accrued compensated absences are not recorded in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Expenditures/Expenses related to compensated absences are recorded when paid. The City's policy is to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave, which will be paid to employees upon separation.

The estimated liability for unused vacation and sick leave of the City at April 30, 2019, is approximately \$138,000 (not reflected in the financial statements).

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting used by the City requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Capital Assets

The City's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transactions and reports depreciation where appropriate. The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if actual is unavailable. Prior to May 1, 2004, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Infrastructure assets acquired since May 1, 2004, are capitalized at cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives and capitalization threshold by type of asset is as follows:

	Useful Life	Capitalization Threshold
Buildings and utility plant Land improvements	20-50 years 15-40 years	\$ 25,000 10,000
Water, sewer, and stormwater extensions Equipment Infrastructure	30-40 years 5-30 years 20 years	25,000 1,000 25,000

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

L. Long-Term Debt

All long-term debt arising from cash transactions to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements.

Long-term debt arising from cash transactions for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, and payment of principal and interest is reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

M. Equity Classification

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- (1) Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- (2) Restricted net position Net position with constraints placed on its use by external groups or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (3) Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

Restricted net position for the business-type activities and governmental activities is described in Notes 3 and 6, respectively.

Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements. Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is classified in five categories, as applicable:

- (1) Non-spendable fund balance Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- (2) Restricted fund balance Amounts with constraints placed on their use by external groups or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- (3) Committed fund balance Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as determined by formal action (an ordinance) of the City's highest level of decision-making authority (the City Council). The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council takes the same formal action to remove or change the imposed constraints.

- (4) Assigned fund balance Amounts intended for a specific purpose that does not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City Council, through ordinance establishing the City's fund balance policy, has delegated to the City Administrator the authority to assign amounts to specific purposes. Pursuant to the City's fund balance policy, any fund balance assigned by the City Administrator must be reported to the City Council at its next regular meeting. The City Council has the authority to remove or change the assigned fund balance with a simple majority vote.
- (5) Unassigned fund balance Amounts in the general fund that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes in the general fund. In other governmental funds, the unassigned fund balance classification is only used, as applicable, to report a deficit balance in that fund.

As of April 30, 2019, the City's fund balances are classified as restricted, assigned, and unassigned (see Note 6).

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) fund balance is available, the City considers restricted amounts to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used, the City considers committed amounts to have been spent first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

The City's formally adopted minimum fund balance policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in its general fund equal to seven months of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures and outgoing transfers.

N. Program Revenues

In the Statement of Activities, modified cash basis revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the City's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

General Government - Licenses and permits and specific donations

Public Safety - Fine revenue and grants from the U.S. Department of Justice and State of Illinois

Streets - Reimbursements and grants received from the Illinois Department of Transportation

Park - Rental income, recreation fees, concession sales, and specific donations

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue, even if restricted for a specific purpose.

O. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. They also include all revenues and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

P. Interfund Balances and Activities

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

It is the City's policy to invest public funds in a manner that will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the entity and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned or the City will be unable to recover collateral securities in possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy is that funds on deposit exceeding FDIC limits must be secured by collateral and held at an independent, third-party institution in the name of the municipality. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City will not directly invest in securities maturing beyond one year from the purchase date. Deposits of the City (primary government) are insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the City. At April 30, 2019, the City (primary government) has approximately \$2,509,000 in deposits collateralized by pledged securities. At April 30, 2019, the Police Pension Fund's deposits are fully insured by the FDIC.

The City's cash and cash equivalents at April 30, 2019, consist of deposits with financial institutions. The City's (primary government) investments consist of two certificates of deposit at one financial institution. The Police Pension Fund's investments consist of four certificates of deposit at one financial institution. The investments have not been rated by an independent rating agency. However, as of April 30, 2019, the investments are insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The certificates of deposit have original maturities of three to five years.

The investments are reflected on the financial statements at April 30, 2019, as follows:

Type of Investment	Fair Value/ Carrying Amount	Weighted Average Years to Maturity
Government-wide statement of net position: Certificates of deposit Statement of fiduciary net position:	\$ 1,572,357	1.67
Certificates of deposit	627,927	1.43
	\$ 2,200,284	

The deposits are reflected on the financial statements at April 30, 2019, as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,204,627
Investments	1,572,357
Restricted cash	207,305
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	128,940
Investments	 627,927
	\$ 5,741,156

NOTE 3. RESTRICTED CASH

Ordinance 05-05 provided for the issuance of general obligation bonds. As outlined in the ordinance, certain assets are required to be restricted and used only for specific purposes. Restricted cash at April 30, 2019, is as follows:

Bond and interest reserve	\$ 182,504
Depreciation, improvements, and equipment reserve	 24,801
	\$ 207,305

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, is as follows:

April 30, 2019, is as follows.	Balance May 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2019
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in process	\$ 1,413,656 19,904	\$ 164,248	\$ - 19,904	\$ 1,577,904
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,433,560	164,248	19,904	1,577,904
Other capital assets				
Land improvements	798,544	ä	**	798,544
Buildings	503,215	52,100	986	555,315
Equipment and vehicles	2,114,898	34,244	21,910	2,127,232
Infrastructure	3,133,514	282,778	.=	3,416,292
Utility plant	2,000		je j	2,000
Total other capital assets	6,552,171	369,122	21,910	6,899,383

		Balance ay 1, 2018	A	dditions	D	eletions		Balance ril 30, 2019
Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements Buildings Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	\$	424,909 318,063 1,277,199 897,740	\$	28,729 16,240 156,135 155,940	\$	21,910	\$	453,638 334,303 1,411,424 1,053,680
Utility plant		572		67		*		639
Total accumulated depreciation	-	2,918,483		357,111		21,910		3,253,684
Other capital assets, net	-	3,633,688		12,011				3,645,699
Governmental activities, net		5,067,248	\$	176,259	\$	19,904	\$	5,223,603
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$	106,473	\$	væ.	\$	S .	\$	106,473
Construction in process	_	445,591		8,983		445,591	_	8,983
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1	552,064		8,983		445,591		115,456
Other capital assets		7.726				181		7,736
Land improvements		7,736 100,000		5 2		-		100,000
Buildings Utility plant		10,412,331		85,123		185		10,497,454
Water main extensions		2,323,056		435,299				2,758,355
Equipment and vehicles		1,742,239		39,381		21,910		1,759,710
Sewer extensions		1,964,447		482,472		2		2,446,919
Stormwater extensions	<u> </u>	467,643		26,139		-		493,782
Total other capital assets		17,017,452		1,068,414		21,910		18,063,956

	_	Balance sy 1, 2018	A	dditions	D	eletions	Ap	Balance ril 30, 2019
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements	\$	7,736	\$	-	\$	120	\$	7,736
Buildings		100,000		**		100		100,000
Utility plant		7,213,907		285,703		<u></u>		7,499,610
Water main extensions		925,943		78,652		:5:		1,004,595
Equipment and vehicles		992,808		71,292		21,910		1,042,190
Sewer extensions		932,888		73,266		-		1,006,154
Stormwater extensions		27,615		15,880				43,495
Total accumulated depreciation		0,200,897		524,793		21,910		10,703,780
Total accumulated depression								
Other capital assets, net		6,816,555		543,621		*		7,360,176
Business-type activities, net	_\$_	7,368,619	\$	552,604	\$	445,591	\$	7,475,632

Depreciation expense is charged as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 5,795
Public safety	56,038
Streets	252,920
Park	39,797
Emergency services	1,456
Economic development	 1,105
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	 357,111
Business-type activities:	
Waterworks and sewerage	\$ 508,914
Stormwater	15,879
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities	\$ 524,793

The City has plans to erect a combined services building for administration and public safety operations for approximately \$1.3 million. At April 30, 2019, no costs have been incurred on this project.

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

The City's long-term debt arising from cash transactions is segregated between amounts to be paid from governmental activities and amounts repaid from business-type activities.

The changes in the City's long-term debt for the year ended April 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Balance ay 1, 2018	A	dditions	Re	eductions	Balance il 30, 2019	Dι	Amount ue Within One Year
Business-type activities:								
Bonds payable Refunded bond discount	\$ 299,000 (2,254)	\$	*	\$	99,000 (1,127)	\$ 200,000 (1,127)	\$	103,000 (1,127)
Total business-type activities	\$ 296,746	\$	-	\$	97,873	\$ 198,873	\$	101,873

During fiscal year 2006, the City issued \$1,400,000 in general obligation bonds. These bonds were issued for the purpose of defraying the cost of improving the waterworks and sewerage system. The issue date on the bonds was June 13, 2005, with interest rates ranging from 3.125 to 4.150 percent. On May 15, 2013, the City refunded these obligation bonds, paying down an additional \$300,000 of principal as part of the transaction. The refinanced amount of general obligation refunding bonds was \$686,000, with interest rates ranging from 1.25 to 2.40 percent and maturities through December 15, 2020.

The schedule of principal and interest requirements of the general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Ir	Interest Principal			Total		
2020 2021	\$	4,800 2,328	\$	103,000 97,000	\$	107,800 99,328	
	\$	7,128	\$	200,000	\$	207,128	

The bonds were refunded at a discount of \$7,889. This discount is being amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the bonds. Amortization expense is \$1,127 for the year ended April 30, 2019.

NOTE 6. GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

The following is a summary of fund balance classifications as presented in the Balance Sheet for the Governmental Funds.

Restricted fund balances as of April 30, 2019:

Restricted for: Street repair and improvements Law enforcement Parks and recreation Other purposes	\$	316,792 15,244 4,732 730
	\$	337,498
Assigned fund balances as of April 30, 2019:		
Assigned to:		
Pension	\$	522,776
Law enforcement		137,707
Parks and recreation		90
Economic development		45,412
	\$	705,985

NOTE 7. RETIREMENT PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan description. The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees (Regular Plan) and defined benefit plan for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs (Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Plan) provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to Plan members and beneficiaries. These Plans are affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org.

Benefits provided. The IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3 percent of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2 percent for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75 percent of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3 percent of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after 10 years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with 10 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3 percent of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2 percent for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75 percent of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of 3 percent of the original pension amount or 50 percent of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees covered by benefit terms. As of April 30, 2019, the following employees are covered by the benefit terms of the Regular Plan:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	21
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	7
Active plan members	11
Total	39

As of April 30, 2019, the following employees are covered by the benefit terms of the Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel Plan (SLEP):

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	=
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1
Active plan members	=
Total	11_

Contributions. As set by statute, the City's Regular Plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary, and the City's SLEP Plan members are required to contribute 7.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of their own employees. The City's Regular Plan annual contribution rate for calendar year 2018 was 6.47 percent. There was no required contribution for the City's SLEP Plan for calendar year 2018. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, the City contributed \$41,874 and \$1,502 to the Regular Plan and the SLEP Plan, respectively. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability

Actuarial assumptions. The City's net pension liability for each IMRF plan was measured as of December 31, 2018. The respective total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations performed as of that date using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Service-based with increases ranging from 3.39% to 14.25%

Investment rate of return 7.25% per year compounded annually, net of investment-related expenses

Mortality rates were based on the fully generational projection scale MP-2017 developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table and the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table, with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Portfolio	Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Percentage	of Return
Domestic equity	37%	7.15%
International equity	18%	7.25%
Fixed income	28%	3.75%
Real estate	9%	6.25%
Alternative investments	7%	3.20-8.50%
Cash equivalents	1%	2.50%
Total	100%	

Discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability of the Regular Plan and the SLEP Plan. The projection of cash flow used to determine this single discount rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The single discount rate reflects the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met). For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25 percent, the municipal bond rate is 3.71 percent, and the resulting single discount rate for the Regular Plan and the SLEP Plan is 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Regular Plan's and the SLEP Plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher.

Regular Plan

	Current								
	1%	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase				
		6.25%		7.25%	8.25%				
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	878,669	\$	221,698	\$	(323,482)			
SLEP Plan									
				Current					
	1%	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1%	% Increase			
	6.25% 7.25% 8.25%								
Net pension liability	\$	37,633	\$	24,521	\$	14,379			

The Schedule of Changes in the Fund's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and the Schedule of Fund Contributions for each IMRF plan, presented as "Other Information" following the notes to the financial statements, present multiyear trend information about the current net pension liability and contribution deficiency or excess of each IMRF plan.

B. Police Pension Fund

Plan description. The Police Pension Fund's defined benefit pension plan provides retirement, death, and disability benefits to the City's police officers or their beneficiaries. The Plan was established by municipal ordinance on July 16, 2012. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits as well as the employee and employer contribution levels are mandated by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40, Article 3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. Further information about the pension fund is provided in Note 1 and as follows.

Benefits provided. Employees attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a pension benefit of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held by the officer on the last day of service or one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The monthly pension shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such salary for each additional year over 20 years of service through 30 years of service, to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The Police Pension also provides for annual pension increases for beneficiaries as described in the Illinois Compiled Statutes, which are generally 3 percent of the original pension granted or 3 percent of the pension amount, depending on the individual's date of retirement.

Survivor benefits vary based on the timing of the participant's death. For duty-related deaths, the benefit allowed for survivors is 100 percent of the salary earned at the time of death. For retirement and disability deaths, the benefit allowed for survivors is 100 percent of the benefit being received at the time of death. For survivors of participants who die in service, but not in the line of duty, the benefit is based on the participant's years of service.

Retirement benefits for officers hired on or after January 1, 2011, include the following: The normal retirement age for this tier of officers is 55, with an early retirement age of 50. Officers who enter into early retirement receive a 6-percent reduction for each year they retire prior to age 55. The salary used for retirement will be computed using an average salary representing the 8 highest earning, consecutive years during the last 10 years of service. The salary amount is also limited to a ceiling of \$106,800, with annual increases based on the consumer price index-u. Annual cost of living adjustments will be equal to the lesser of 3 percent or one-half of the annual unadjusted percentage increase of the consumer price index-u. Survivor benefits will be limited to two-thirds of the deceased's benefits at his or her date of death.

Employees covered by benefit terms. As of April 30, 2019, the following employees are covered by the benefit terms of the Police Pension Fund:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	-
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	6
Total	6

Contributions. As set by statute, the Police Pension Fund members are required to contribute 9.91 percent of their salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without interest. The City of Eureka is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the Plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary; the current rate is 29.24 percent of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2018, updated to April 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases Service-based with increases ranging from 3.5% to 11%

Investment rate of return 5% per year compounded annually, net of investment-related expenses

Mortality rates were based on PubS-2010 Employee, Healthy Retiree, Survivor and Disabled Mortality Tables, projected 5 years past the valuation date using Scale MP-2018.

The significant assumptions for the valuation dated May 1, 2018, are based upon the results of an actuarial experience study performed by the State of Illinois Department of Insurance in 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Pension Plan's target asset allocation as of April 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Portfolio	Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Percentage	of Return
Equity	0 - 10%	N/A
Fixed income	55 - 75%	2.00%
Mutual funds	5 - 10%	N/A
Cash	0 - 25%	0.00%

The Fund has not yet invested in equity or mutual fund investments as allowed per the investment policy. As a result, the long-term expected real rate of return has not been determined for these asset classes. The long-term expected real rate of return for fixed income investments has been estimated using the average interest rate on the fixed income investments, net of inflation.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5 percent. The discount rate was based on the expected rate of return of 5 percent and the municipal bond rate of 3.21 percent, based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Fund contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the Fund, calculated using the discount rate of five percent, as well as what the Fund's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher.

				Current		
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase
		4.00%		5.00%		6.00%
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	176,188	\$	284	\$	(138,285)

The Schedule of Changes in the Fund's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and the Schedule of Fund Contributions, presented as "Other Information" following the notes to the financial statements, present multiyear trend information about the Plan's current net pension liability and contribution deficiency or excess.

C. Social Security

All City employees are covered under Social Security. The City paid Social Security taxes of \$79,765 for the year ended April 30, 2019.

D. Postemployment Health Insurance

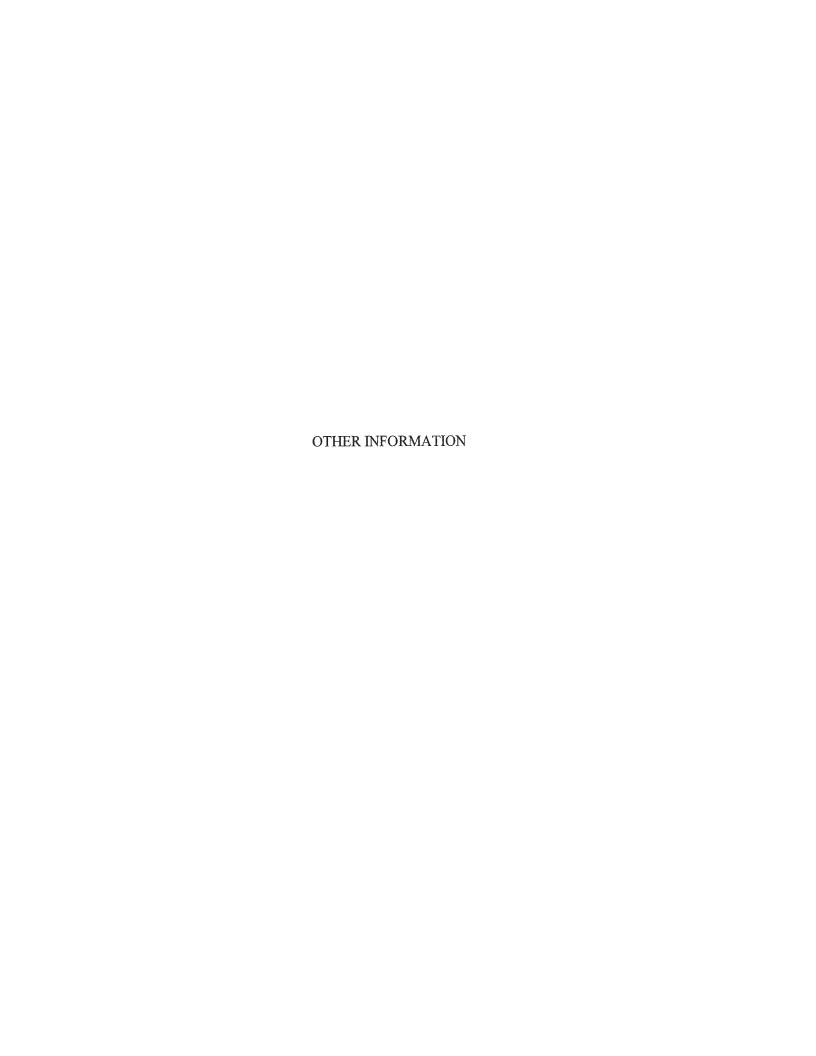
Certain non-union City employees who retire with 20 or more years of continuous service are eligible for extended healthcare coverage. The City subsidizes the cost of premiums for the retired employee in accordance with the following formula:

- 1) 2.5 percent of monthly premium for each year of continuous service with the City, not to exceed 30 years (75 percent).
- 2) Effective upon the employee reaching 59.5 years of age and terminating upon the employee's eligibility for Medicare coverage.

As a result of using the modified cash basis of accounting, estimated liabilities related to postemployment health insurance are not recorded in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Expenditures/ Expenses related to the Plan are recorded when paid. There were no expenditures or retired employees eligible to receive benefits during the year ended April 30, 2019.

NOTE 8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; workers' compensation; and natural disasters. The City purchases commercial insurance for those risks of loss, with the exception of workers' compensation. For risk of loss related to workers' compensation, the City has joined the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRMA), a member entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and workers' compensation insurance program for Illinois municipalities. The City pays annual premiums for its insurance coverage, except for employees' health and accident insurance. The City carries insurance through United Healthcare for employees' health and accident risks. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.



CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL AND MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

GENERAL FUND

MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

Decreases	Original ar Final Budg			Actual	O	ver (Under) Budget		ginal and al Budget		Actual		r (Under) Budget
Revenues Property taxes	\$ 492,	729	\$	492,679	\$	(50)	\$	-	\$	3	\$	_
Other local taxes		000	Ψ	60,362	Ψ	1,362	Ψ	-	•	9 2 7	-	-
Replacement taxes		500		26,753		2,253		_		=		3€3
Sales taxes	680,			703,128		23,128		-		200		(* .5
State income taxes	649,			676,204		27,204		5 0 0		(#)		(# 1
Motor fuel taxes	J.,	-				*		139,500		139,117		(383)
Federal and state grants	321,	000		24,600		(296,400)		-				
Interest		000		57,921		45,921		500		755		255
Licenses, fees, and fines	214,			180,468		(33,782)		-		848		·
Contributions	ĺ	2		1,264		1,264		-		7=		₹₩:
Other	4,	750		3,668		(1,082)						
	2,457,	229		2,227,047		(230,182)		140,000		139,872		(128)
Expenditures												
Current												
General government	423,	125		333,548		(89,577)		-		-		(iii
Public safety	703,	451		596,511		(106,940)		-		72		541
Streets	1,045,	850		438,804		(607,046)		-		(in the second		:
Park	132,	750		98,167		(34,583)		-		: -		0,€
Emergency services	5,	200		3,880		(1,320)		0.00		1€		S = 0
Economic development	114,	200		28,953		(85,247)		35		.15		-
Employee retirement	155,	000		112,161		(42,839)		-		-		-
Capital outlay	79,	750		406,013		326,263		195,000		107,453		(87,547)
	2,659	326		2,018,037		(641,289)		195,000		107,453		(87,547)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$ (202.	097)	\$	209,010	\$	411,107	\$	(55,000)	\$	32,419	\$	87,419

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE FUND'S NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – IMRF REGULAR (UNAUDITED) APRIL 30, 2019

Calendar year ended December 31,	2018	2017	2016			2015
Total pension liability						
Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms	\$ 54,328 396,980 -	\$ 54,846 400,326	\$	54,068 419,463	\$	56,762 409,133
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds	101,046 145,331	32,155 (181,684)		(263,798) (5,916)		127,457 5,865
of Plan member contributions	 (352,318)	 (347,673)		(585,996)	_	(319,354)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning	 345,367 5,442,058	(42,030) 5,484,088		(382,179) 5,866,267		279,863 5,586,404
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 5,787,425	\$ 5,442,058	\$	5,484,088	\$	5,866,267
Plan fiduciary net position						
Member contributions Employer contributions Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including refunds of Plan member contributions Other	\$ 29,124 41,874 (401,093) (352,318) 137,829	\$ 25,906 56,072 1,031,015 (347,673) (101,265)	\$	24,516 53,609 370,997 (585,996) 44,379	\$	24,642 69,217 27,646 (319,354) 94,699
Net change in Plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	(544,584) 6,110,311	664,055 5,446,256		(92,495) 5,53 8 ,751		(103,150) 5,641,901
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 5,565,727	\$ 6,110,311	\$	5,446,256	\$	5,538,751
Fund's net pension (asset) liability	\$ 221,698	\$ (668,253)	\$	37,832	\$	327,516
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension (asset) liability	96.17%	112.28%		99.31%		94.42%
Covered payroll	\$ 647,208	\$ 575,688	\$	544,796	\$	547,609
Fund's net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll	34.25%	-116.08%		6.94%		59.81%

IMRF REGULAR SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE FUND'S NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – IMRF REGULAR (UNAUDITED) APRIL 30, 2019

Notes to schedule:

Changes in assumptions:

- 2018 Changes in assumptions was the result of the investment rate of return decreasing to 7.25% from 7.50%.
- 2017 Changes in assumptions were the result of the inflation rate decreasing to 2.50% from 2.75% and salary increases range changing to 3.39% to 14.25% from previously 3.75% to 14.50%.
- 2016 Amounts reported as changes of assumptions were the result of updating the mortality table to better reflect anticpated mortality experience in the future. The Healthy Lives Mortality assumption was updated from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table to the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match the current IMRF experience. Similarly, the Disabled Mortality assumption was updated to the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table with adjustments to match the current IMRF. The Disabled Lives Mortality assumption was previously based on the rates applicable to non-disabled lives set forward 10 years.
- 2015 Amounts reported as changes of assumptions were the result of updating assumptions to adhere to those required under GASB Statement 68.

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF FUND CONTRIBUTIONS – IMRF REGULAR (UNAUDITED) APRIL 30, 2019

Calendar Year Ending Dec 31,	De	tuarially termined ntribution	Eı	cognized mployer ntribution	Def	ribution iciency xcess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	===
2018	\$	41,874	\$	41,874	\$: - 0	\$ 647,208	6.47%	
2017		56,072		56,072		(%)	575,688	9.74%	
2016		53,608		53,609		(1)	544,796	9.84%	
2015		69,218		69,217		1	547,609	12.64%	

The City implemented GASB Statement 68 in the Fiscal Year 2016.

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF FUND CONTRIBUTIONS – IMRF REGULAR (UNAUDITED) APRIL 30, 2019

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method

Entry age normal

Amortization method

Level percentage of payroll

Remaining

amortization period

25 years (as of December 31, 2018)

Asset valuation method

5-year smoothed market

Wage growth

3.50% 2.75%

Inflation Salary increases

3.75% to 14.50% including inflation

Investment rate of return

Retirement age

Experience-based table of rates specific to the type of eligibility For non-disabled retirees, disabled retirees, and active members, an Mortality

IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). For non-disabled retirees, the IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match the current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, the IMRFspecific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, the IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with

adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other information

There were no benefit changes during the year. Notes

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE FUND'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – IMRF SLEP (UNAUDITED) APRIL 30, 2019

Calendar year ended December 31,	2018	2017	2016			2015	
Total pension liability							
Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,244 - 1,814	\$ 3,107 - 790	\$	2,877 - 1,129	\$	2,604 - 1,026	
Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of Plan member contributions	2,781	(2,063)		(1,891)		198	
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning	 7,839 43,257	1,834 41,423		2,115 39,308		3,828 35,480	
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 51,096	\$ 43,257	\$	41,423	\$	39,308	
Plan fiduciary net position							
Member contributions Employer contributions Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including refunds of Plan member contributions Other	\$ - 1,502 (937) - 76	\$ 2,122 3,273	\$	2,000 1,230	\$	1,689 87 - (931)	
Net change in Plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	641 25,934	5,350 20,584		3,269 17,315		845 16,470	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 26,575	\$ 25,934	\$	20,584	\$	17,315	
Fund's net pension liability	\$ 24,521	\$ 17,323	\$	20,839	\$	21,993	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	52.01%	59.95%		49.69%		44.05%	
Covered payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$		
Fund's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE FUND'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – IMRF SLEP (UNAUDITED) APRIL 30, 2019

Notes to schedule:

Changes in assumptions:

- 2018 Changes in assumptions was the result of the investment rate of return decreasing to 7.25% from 7.50%.
- 2017 Changes in assumptions were the result of the inflation rate decreasing to 2.50% from 2.75% and salary increases range changing to 3.39% to 14.25% from previously 3.75% to 14.50%.
- 2016 Amounts reported as changes of assumptions were the result of updating the mortality table to better reflect anticpated mortality experience in the future. The Healthy Lives Mortality assumption was updated from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table to the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match the current IMRF experience. Similarly, the Disabled Mortality assumption was updated to the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table with adjustments to match the current IMRF. The Disabled Lives Mortality assumption was previously based on the rates applicable to non-disabled lives set forward 10 years.
- 2015 Amounts reported as changes of assumptions were the result of updating assumptions to adhere to those required under GASB Statement 68.

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF THE FUND CONTRIBUTIONS – IMRF SLEP (UNAUDITED) APRIL 30, 2019

Calendar Year Ending Dec 31,	Dete	uarially ermined cribution	En	ognized aployer tribution	De	ntribution ficiency Excess)	 overed ayroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2018	\$		\$	1,502	\$	(1,502)	\$ -	0.00%
2017		-		2,122		(2,122)	=	0.00%
2016		-		2,000		(2,000)	-	0.00%
2015		12		1,689		(1,689)	<u></u>	0.00%

The City implemented GASB Statement 68 in the Fiscal Year 2016.

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF FUND CONTRIBUTIONS – IMRF SLEP (UNAUDITED) APRIL 30, 2019

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll

Remaining

amortization period 25 years (as of December 31, 2018)

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Wage growth 3.50% Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases 3.75% to 14.50% including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates specific to the type of eligibility

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, disabled retirees, and active members, an

IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). For non-disabled retirees, the IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match the current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, the IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, the IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with

adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other information

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE FUND'S NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – POLICE PENSION FUND (UNAUDITED) APRIL 30, 2019

		2019	2018			2017
Total pension liability						
Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms	\$	80,164 37,679	\$	84,698 33,502	\$	83,290 29,446
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds		(50,703) 18,066		(24,612) 5,687		(23,285)
of Plan member contributions		(2,935)		(19,468)		
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning		82,271 674,880		79,807 595,073		89,451 505,622
Total pension liability - ending	\$	757,151	\$	674,880	\$	595,073
Plan fiduciary net position						
Member contributions Employer contributions Net investment income	\$	29,552 87,201 10,317	\$	27,970 83,554 8,337	\$	26,953 72,953 7,536
Benefit payments, including refunds of Plan member contributions Administrative expenses Other	<u></u>	(2,935) (4,398) (13,225)		(19,468) (6,450) (14,080)		(4,518) (16,972)
Net change in Plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		106,512 650,355		79,863 570,492		85,952 484,540
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	756,867	\$	650,355	\$	570,492
Fund's net pension (asset) liability	\$	284	\$	24,525	\$	24,581
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension (asset) liability		99.96%		96.37%		95.87%
Covered payroll	\$	298,204	\$	282,240	\$	271,978
Fund's net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll		0.10%		8.69%		9.04%

	2016		2015	
\$	79,215	\$	68,603	
	21,827		17,320	
	ĕ		=	
	30,645		=	
	16,604		¥	
			(12,797)	
	148,291		73,126	
	357,331		284,205	
\$	505,622	\$	357,331	
s				
\$	26,217	\$	24,444	
Ψ	63,274	Ψ	30,000	
	2,041		276	
			(12.707)	
	(3,956)		(12,797) (1,760)	
	(14,866)		(10,659)	
39	(21,000)		(
	72,710		29,504	
	411,830		382,326	
\$	484,540	\$	411,830	
\$	21,082	\$	(54,499)	
	95.83%		115.25%	
\$	264,551	\$	220,229	
	7.97%		-24.75%	

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE FUND'S NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – POLICE PENSION FUND (UNAUDITED) APRIL 30, 2019

Notes to schedule:

Changes in assumptions:

- 2019 Amounts reported as changes in assumptions were the result of updating the mortality tables to better reflect anticipated mortality experience in the future. Mortality rates were updated based on PubS-2010 Employee, Healthy Retiree, Survivor and Disabled Mortality Tables, projected five years past the valuation date using scale MP-2018. In addition, the salary increases range was updated from 4-11% to 3.5-11%.
- 2018 Amounts reported as changes of assumptions were based on the results of the 2017 Department of Insurance experience study. Assumption changes made were updating retirement, termination and disability rate tables, assumed salary increase rate, percentage of disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty changed from 70% to 60%, and percentage of deaths assumed to be in the line of duty changed from 5% to 10%.
- 2017 No changes in assumptions.
- 2016 Amounts reported as changes of assumptions were the result of updating the mortality table to better reflect anticipated mortality experience in the future. The Healthy Lives Mortality assumption was updated from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table to the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date using Scale BB. Similarly, the Disabled Lives Mortality assumption was updated from the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Annuitant Mortality Table to the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Annuitant Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date using Scale BB.
- 2015 No changes in assumptions.

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF FUND CONTRIBUTIONS – POLICE PENSION FUND (UNAUDITED) APRIL 30, 2019

Fiscal Year	Det	tuarially termined atribution	Er	cognized nployer ntribution	Defi	ribution ciency acess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2019	\$	87,201	\$	87,201	\$	9	\$ 298,204	29.24%
2018		83,554		83,554		15	282,240	29.60%
2017		72,953		72,953		-	271,978	26.82%
2016		63,274		63,274		÷	264,551	23.92%
2015		(* :		30,000	(30,000)	220,029	13.62%

The City implemented GASB Statement 68 in Fiscal Year 2016.

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF FUND CONTRIBUTIONS – POLICE PENSION FUND (UNAUDITED) APRIL 30, 2019

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of May 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll

Remaining

amortization period 22 years (as of May 1, 2018)
Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases Service-related table with rates grading from 4% to 11%

Investment rate of return 5%, net of Pension Plan investment expense Retirement age Assumed age 50 for Tier 1; age 55 for Tier 2

Mortality Assumed life expectancies are determined using the RP-2000

Combined Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date using Scale BB, and the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Annuitant Mortality Table, projected to the valuation date

using Scale BB.

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES MODIFIED CASH BASIS – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

	Original and Final Budget		Actual	
EXPENDITURES General government Personnel services Contractual services Commodities Other expense	\$	171,000 237,100 6,800 8,225	\$	156,008 169,418 4,070 4,052
Dublic cofety		423,125		333,548
Public safety Personnel services Police pension Contractual services Commodities Other expense	4 	479,000 87,201 100,250 30,000 7,000 703,451		409,147 87,201 73,790 26,373
Streets	÷			
Personnel services Contractual services Commodities		324,000 688,350 33,500		286,453 111,355 40,996
	2	1,045,850		438,804
Park Personnel services Contractual services Commodities Other expense	× 	51,000 44,450 10,300 27,000 132,750		36,859 26,618 9,690 25,000 98,167
Emergency services Contractual services Commodities	10 <u></u>	4,900 300 5,200		2,323 1,557 3,880
Economic development	.0	5,200		
Contractual services Commodities		108,500 5,700		23,853 5,100
		114,200		28,953
Employee retirement		155,000		112,161
Capital outlay General government Public safety Streets Park Emergency services		50,500 5,000 21,000 3,000 250		214,247 13,130 148,697 29,939
	Φ.	79,750	<u></u>	406,013
Total general fund expenditures		2,659,326	\$	2,018,037

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS INFORMATION REQUIRED BY GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND ORDINANCE ENTERPRISE FUNDS (UNAUDITED) APRIL 30, 2019

The following information is required to be included in the report by Section 17 of General Obligation Bond Ordinance 05-05:

- 1. Statement in detail of the income and expenditures of the system for the fiscal year. See the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Modified Cash Basis Enterprise Funds.
- 2. A balance sheet as of the end of the fiscal year, including a statement of the amount held in each of the accounts of the system fund. See the Statement of Net Position Modified Cash Basis Enterprise Funds and Note 3 to the financial statements.
- 3. A list of the insurance policies in force at the end of the fiscal year. See the Schedule of Insurance Policies in Force.
- 4. A summary of rates in effect at the end of the fiscal year for services of the system and any changes in such rates during the fiscal year.

Water	\$7.40 *
Sewer	4.98*
Stormwater	6.00**

- * Rate per 1,000 gallons
- ** Rate per equivalent residential unit
- 5. The amounts and details of all outstanding bonds. See Note 5 to the financial statements.
- 6. Independent auditors' comments regarding the manner in which the municipality has carried out the requirements of the ordinance.

Ordinance requires the establishment of the following accounts:

Operation and maintenance account
Bond and interest account
Depreciation, improvement, and extension account
Surplus account

Restricted asset accounts have been established and transfers have been made to these accounts during the current year as required.

The restricted asset accounts are reported as restricted net position.

CITY OF EUREKA, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE POLICIES IN FORCE (UNAUDITED) APRIL 30, 2019

The City is insured with the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association for all risks of loss. Policy coverage, effective through January 1, 2020, is as follows:

	Per Occurrence
General liability	\$8,000,000
Auto liability	\$8,000,000
Auto physical damage	Included per schedule on file with company
Building and personal property	\$12,834,001
Workers' compensation	Statutory
Public officials' liability	\$8,000,000
Earthquake – annual aggregate all members	\$76,500,000
Flood – annual aggregate all members	\$76,500,000
Liquor liability	\$1,000,000
Crime liability - employee theft per loss	\$100,000
Valuable papers and records coverage	\$50,000
Fire legal liability - damage to premise rente	d by insured \$100,000
Employers' liability	\$3,000,000
Auto medical	\$10,000
Uninsured/Underinsured motorist	\$100,000
Public Official Position Bond	Included